

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
Subject : Portfolio Management				
investors prefer to have _____ of securities	single	group	big ticket	small ticket
_____ is employment of funds with the intention of gaining returns	investment	speculation	hedging	arbitrage
Risk management happens through _____	investment	speculation	hedging	arbitrage
Short term high risk activity is called _____	investment	speculation	hedging	arbitrage
investments are of _____ types	two	three	four	five
_____ investment means addition to capital stock	economic	financial	speculative	risk free
_____ investments involve allocation of money for returns	economic	financial	speculative	risk free
Buying plant and machinery is an example of _____ investment	economic	financial	speculative	risk free
Buying 500 shares in RIL is an example of _____ investment	economic	financial	speculative	risk free
_____ involves no regard for safety of capital invested	investment	speculation	hedging	arbitrage
_____ is an example of short term high priority objective	buying a house	vacation	retirement planning	childrens education
_____ is commitment of funds from current consumption	Investment	Returns	risk	Speculation
Building, equipments, inventory are examples of _____ investment	Financial	economic	riskier	speculative
Purchase of shares, postal deposit schemes are examples of _____ investment	Economic	Financial	Riskier	Speculative
Risk, return and time are _____ of investment	elements	objectives	hedging	risk management
_____ factors separate speculation and investment	2	3	4	5
PF, PPF are examples of _____ schemes	non tax saving	tax saving	riskier	speculative
characteristics / features of investments are called investment _____	Speculation	Arbitrage	hedging	attributes
Combined holding of securities is called a _____	hedge	consolidation	portfolio	diversification
Investing in multiple asset class is called _____	hedge	consolidation	portfolio	diversification
Riskless profits due to price differentials is called _____	hedge	Arbitrage	speculation	investment
Shares of large known stable companies are called _____ chips	red	blue	yellow	green
Investment in shares are mainly for _____	Dividend	capital gains	growth	risk
pooled investment schemes are called _____	shares	mutual funds	commodities	bonds
CP's, CD's and BOE are examples of _____ market instruments	capital	money	share	forex
Capital market instruments are _____ term investments	short	medium	long	ultra short
_____ helps in personal risk management	insurance	shares	bonds	mutual funds
_____ investment is used as a hedge during uncertain times	forex	shares	gold and silver	commodities
_____ refers to the probability of losses	returns	risk	profits	capital erosion
Systematic risk is measured with _____	Alpha	beta	gamma	theta
S.D., Beta and variance are measures of _____	Returns	capital gains	risk	return
A speculator prefers _____ levels of risk	Low	moderate	high	ultra low
The risk avoided by the hedger is taken up by _____	investor	arbitrager	speculator	trader
Mutual fund investments are subjected to _____ risk	business	inflation	operational	market
stocks are regulated by _____	SBI	RBI	FIMMDA	SEBI
_____ is key to risk reduction in a portfolio	transaction	insurance	diversification	speculation

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A trader is a _____ term participant	long	short	medium	ultra long
putting money into different assets is called asset _____	classification	segregation	allocation	reduction
_____ constitutes the largest segment in Indian capital market	gilt edged	repo	t bills	debentures
CP is a _____ market instrument	capital	money	derivatives	forex
CD's are _____ market instrument	capital	money	derivatives	forex
_____ provide ownership in the company	equity shares	debentures	bonds	mutual funds
investors prefer higher returns and have no regard for risk is a belief of _____ theory	traditional	neo classical	modern	MPT
balancing risk and returns is part of _____	traditional	neo classical	semi classical	MPT
a systematic search for optimum portfolio was suggested by _____	fayol	adam smith	markowitz	peter drucker
perfect information symmetry means the markets are _____	efficient	non efficient	undervalued	over valued
diversification can manage _____ risk	systematic	unsystematic	SD	Range
_____ risk is the risk of issuer going bankrupt	default	business	inflation	economic
_____ risk is the risk of business failing	default	business	inflation	economic
_____ are known as asset management companies and liability management companies.	Financial services	Financial	Financial Institutions	Financial System

Subject : Management Accounting

Planning is a function of _____	Auditing	Cost accounting	Management accounting	Financial accounting
Management accounting is _____	future oriented	historical	mandatory	concurrent
Financial Accounting records only _____	actual figures	budgeted figures	standard figures	deviated figures
Statements under Management Accounting are not _____	Correct	Comparable	Transparent	Audited
_____ is governed by the principles of GAAP	Auditing	Cost accounting	Management accounting	Financial accounting
Common Size statement is a tool of _____	Vertical Analysis	Horizontal Analysis	Technical Analysis	Fundamental analysis
In Common Size Income Statement the basis is _____	Total Cost	Net Profit	Gross Profit	Sales
Increase/ Decrease is a method of preparation of _____	Common - size Statement	Comparative Statement	Income Statement	balance Sheet
% Increase/ Decrease is a method of preparation of _____	Common - size Statement	Comparative Statement	Income Statement	balance Sheet
Outstanding expenses are part of _____	Current Asset	Current Liability	Debt	Reserves
If sales for the 2016 is Rs. 200000 and Sales for 2017 is Rs. 150000 ; the company is said to be de-grown by _____ % over previous year.	150%	25%	10%	15%
If Capital employed is Rs. 500000 and Borrowed funds are Rs. 130000; Shareholder's funds are _____	26%	100%	74%	No relation
If Capital employed is Rs. 500000 and Working capital is Rs. 100000 ; Fixed Assets are _____	80%	100%	20%	No relation

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If sales for the 2016 is Rs. 400000 and Sales for 2017 is Rs. 300000 ; the company is said to be de-grown by _____ % over previous year.	150%	25%	10%	15%
If sales for the 2016 is Rs. 600000 and sales for 2017 is Rs. 900000 ; The company is said to be grown by _____ % over previous year.	20%	25%	50%	150%
If Debentures for the 2016 is Rs. 100000 and for 2017 is Rs. 200000 ; is said to be grown by _____ % over previous year.	30%	150%	100%	40%
If Sales are Rs. 600000 and Cost of Goods sold is Rs. 450000; % of gross profit is	20%	25%	50%	150%
If Capital employed is Rs. 800000 and Shareholder's funds are Rs. 600000 ; Borrowed funds are	20%	25%	50%	150%
If Capital employed is Rs. 500000 and Fixed Assets are Rs. 400000 ; Working capital is	20%	25%	50%	150%
If Capital employed is Rs. 500000 and Borrowed funds are Rs. 180000; Shareholder's funds are	50%	100%	36%	64%
If Capital employed is Rs. 1500000 and Working capital is Rs. 500000 ; Fixed Assets are	33.33%	66.66%	100%	25%
If sales for the 2016 is Rs. 200000 and Sales for 2017 is Rs. 160000 ; the company is said to be de-grown by _____ % over previous year.	100%	80%	120%	20%
If creditors for year 2012, 2013 and 2014 are 1 lac, 2 lac and 4 lac respectively; trend percentage is	40%, 20%, 10%	100%, 200% , 400%	10%, 20%, 40%	400%, 200%, 100%
If Capital employed is Rs. 800000 and Borrowed funds are Rs. 240000; Shareholder's funds are	25%	100%	30%	70%
Fixed Interest bearing funds do not include one of the following	Debentures	Long term loans	Pref . share capital	Long term investments
The Ratio that indicates ability of the company to pay its urgent obligations immediately is	Current Ratio	Liquidity ratio	Debt equity Ratio	Proprietary Ratio
A low inventory turnover ratio indicates	inventory tied up in stock	fast selling goods	Favourable liquidity	Huge demand of goods
Equity Share Capital ₹5,00,000 with face value ₹ 10 each ; 10% Pref. Share Capital ₹2,00,000 with Face value ₹ 10 each ; Net profit after Tax before Preference Dividend is ₹ 57,000. Reserves and surplus is NIL .Return on Equity Shares is	₹ 0.81	₹ 1.14	₹ 0.74	₹ 2.30
Debt service ratios shows	short term financial position	Financial stability	Debt servicing ability	liquidity position
Equity Share Capital ₹2,00,000 ; Pref Share Capital ₹ 4,00,000 ; Reserves ₹ 90,000 ; Debentures ₹50,000 . Total Assets ₹7,50,000 . Total Assets include Preliminary Expenses of ₹50,000 .Compute Shareholder's Equity.	₹7,50,000	₹6,40,000	₹6,90,000	₹7,40,000
Current Ratio is 2.5 and working capital is ₹60,000 current assets will be	₹1,00,000	₹1,40,000	₹50,000	₹1,25,000
Opening stock ₹25000 , closing stock ₹24000 , sales ₹300000 , GP 25% on SALES . Stock turnover ratio will be	6 times	10 times	8 times	9.2 times

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Net profit before Interest and tax is ₹500000. Interest is ₹100000 . Interest coverage ratio will be	4 times	5 times	7 times	12 times
Cost of goods sold ₹100000 , stock turnover ratio 4 times , closing stock ₹10000 in excess of opening stock . Compute opening and closing stock	₹20000 and ₹30000	₹25000 and ₹40000	₹15000 and ₹24000	₹25000 and ₹80000
Sales ₹5,88,000 . Opening Debtors ₹ 85,000 . Closing Debtors ₹ 1,11,000 . No of days in a year 360 . Average Collection period is	60 days	80 days	72 days	81 days
Equity Share Capital ₹ 2,50,000 ; Debentures ₹ 1,00,000 , Reserves ₹ 1,50,000 , Total Assets ₹ 8,00,000 . What is the Proprietary ratio	20%	25%	50%	55%
When a fixed asset is bought as hire purchase, interest element is classified under _____ and loan element is classified under _____.	Operating activities, financing activities	Financing activities, investing activities	Investing activities, operating activities	Cash flow activities, Operating activities
Which of the following is not a cash inflow?	Decrease in debtors	Issue of shares	Decrease in creditors	Sale of fixed assets
Which of the following is not a cash outflow?	Increase in Prepaid expenses	Increase in debtors	Increase in stock	Increase in creditors
Cash flow statement is prepared for financial planning of_____.	Long range	Medium range	Short range	Very Long range
An example of Cash Flows from Investing Activity is : _____	Cash Revenue from Operations	Commission Received	Payment of cash for purchase of fixed assets	Dividend paid
An Example of cash flow from financing activity is : _____	Payment of dividend	Receipt of dividend on investment	Cash received from customer	Purchase of fixed asset
An example of Cash Flows from Financing Activity is :	Credit Revenue from Operations	Cash receipts from issue of shares	Sale of Investments	Interest Received
If a machine whose original cost is ₹40,000 having accumulated depreciation ₹12,000, were sold for ₹34,000 then while preparing Cash Flow Statement its effect on cash flow will be _____.	Cash flow from financing activities ₹34,000	Cash flow from financing activities ₹6,000	Cash flow from investing activities ₹34,000	Cash flow from investing activities ₹6,000
Which of the following item is considered as Cash Equivalents?	Marketable Securities	Debtors	Investment	Bills of Exchange
A company receives a dividend of ₹2 Lakhs on its investment in other company's shares. In case of a Finance Company, it will be classified under which kind of activity?	Cash Flow from Operating Activities	Cash Flow from Investing Activities	Cash Flow from Financing Activities	No cash flow
_____ working capital is excess of Current Liabilities over Current Assets	Seasonal	Positive	Negative	Permanent

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An organisation which grants longer period of credit requires _____ working capital	More	less	Seasonal	Permanent
Monthly requirement of raw material is Rs. 30000; and raw materials remain in stock for 1.5 months , amount invested in raw material stock is _____	Rs. 10000	Rs. 3750	Rs. 30000	Rs. 45000
Debtors balance as on 31st March 2020 is 100 lakhs and Net sales for the year are 730 lakhs ; Debtors collection period is _____	50 Days	25 Days	100 Days	73 Days
Subject : Money Market (F.C)				
The CMBs have the generic character of _____ but are issued for maturities less than 91 days	Commercial Bills	T-Bills	Bills of exchange	Bonds
DFHI was set up in March _____ by RBI	1996	1990	1998	1988
Economic and financial reforms initiated post liberalisation focused mainly on _____	Government banks	Corporate	Human development	Commercial banks
_____ is issued for 91/184/364 days	Bonds	Debentures	Treasury Bills	Cash management Bills
Employment is generated directly by the _____	Monetary policies	Development of trade	Trade control	Effective bank control
The tenuer of the transactions of _____ is form 2 days to 14 days	Overnight market	Term money market	Debt market	Notice money market
_____ caters to long term availability of funds	Money market	Equity market	Capital market	Global market
Open market operations involve the sale and purchase of _____ by RBI through its open window	Corporate bonds	Shares	Stocks	Government securities
A cut in the Repos will result in _____ the call rates as well as other term money rates	Slowing	Accelerating	Bringing down	Raising
In case of deals settled through CCIL, the bye-law, rules and regulations of _____ will be applicable	RBI	SEBI	Companies Act	CCIL
FEDAI has taken due care of interest of both _____ and _____ while revising rules and guidelines	Investors:Borrowers	Imports:Exports	Government:Corporat e	Investors:Issuers
NDS-OM is a screen based electronic anonymous order matching system for _____ trading in government securities owned by RBI	Primary market	Secondary market	Periodic	Secondary market
Gilt account holders which have gilt account with the _____ are permitted to have Indirect access to the NDS-OM system	RBI	SEBI	CCIL	Primary members
_____ is owned by RBI	PDAI	Money market	NDS-OM	SEBI
_____ plays a proactive role in routing the forex transactions	FIMMDA	FEDAI	FEDAI	SEBI
Commercial bills market is basically a market of instruments for the _____	Cerificate of deposit	T-bills	Bill of exchange	Commercial papers
In India, there are no _____	Acceptance houses	Discounting houses	Secondary markets	Financial Institutes
A normal codition on _____ can get partly traded	NDS-OM	CCIL	Money market	Exchange
_____ was incorporated in 1998	FIMMDA	FEDAI	RBI	SEBI

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_____ as well as working capital requirements of the business are duly met through the money market	Long term finance	Fixed capital	Trade financing	Investment
Disclosed amount is the part of _____ which the user is meaning to disclose to the market	Past order	Money market	Order amount	Reserved amount
Money market is the _____ and the most important stage in the chain of monetary policy transmission	Last	Third	First	Fourth
All central government securities, _____ securities and treasury bills are tradable on NDS-OM web module	State government	Private issued	Corporate	Equity
The money market rates provide an opportunity to the RBI to influence the _____ and the cost of liquidity on a short term basis	Volatility	Price	Purchase	Volume
_____ market is basically a market of instruments for the bills of exchange	Corporate security	Commercial bills	Long term	Government security
The _____ is a market that deals with short term liquid assets.	money market	equity market	debt market	capital market
The money market acts as a repository for _____	long term funds	short term funds	temporary funds	borrowed funds
The _____ Defines a money market as a market for debt securities that pay off in the short term	RBI	Capital market	SEBI	organised market
The tenure of the transactions of _____ is one working day.	overnight market	notice money market	term money market	unorganised market
the tenure of the transactions of _____ is from 15 days to one year	overnight market	notice money market	term money market	unorganised market
Money market deals with short term funds having maturities ranging from _____	overnight to 1 year	more than a year	5 years	10 years
_____ is ensured by the RBI by regulating the money flow to promote the economic growth of the country	CRR	SLR	effective bank control	Monetary policy
PDs were formed in India to act as _____ To develop an active market in G-Secs.	link	catalyst	block	prevention
_____ is one which has proper rules, regulations and guidelines mentioned and followed by the participants.	unorganised sector	organised sector	money market	capital market
_____ act as a regulator and supervisor of the financial system	SEBI	DFHI	commercial banks	RBI
_____ was set up in March 1988 by RBI jointly with public sector banks and all India financial institutions.	SEBI	DFHI	SGL	Development institutions
The commercial banks form the nucleus of the _____	Indian money market	capital market	organised market	unorganised market
A _____ is a financial institution that provides services, such as accepting deposits, giving business loans etc.	indigenous banks	commercial banks	development banks	private banks
money market deals in _____	OTC	EXCHANGE TRADED SECURITIES	MONEY	BANKING
_____ regulates the working of money market	RBI	SBI	NSE	IRDA
IRDA regulates the working of _____	money market	insurance	stock exchange	mutual funds
mutual funds workings are regulated by _____	IRDA	AMFI	RBI	NSE
Building, equipments, inventory are examples of _____ investment	Financial	economic	riskier	speculative

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Purchase of shares, postal deposit schemes are examples of _____ investment	Economic	Financial	Riskier	Speculative
Risk, return and time are _____ of investment	elements	objectives	hedging	risk management
_____ factors separate speculation and investment	2	3	4	5
PF, PPF are examples of _____ schemes	non tax saving	tax saving	riskier	speculative
characteristics / features of investments are called investment _____	Speculation	Arbitrage	hedging	attributes
Combined holding of securities is called a _____	hedge	consolidation	portfolio	diversification
Investing in multiple asset class is called _____	hedge	consolidation	portfolio	diversification

Subject: EQUITY MARKET -I

The Central Banking function in India are performed by the _____ .	Central Bank of India	Reserve Bank of India	State Bank of India	Punjab National Bank
The BSE Sensex consists of a basket of _____ stocks .	50	100	30	66
_____ has been set up in July 1988 as an apex institution to mobilise resources for the housing sector and to promote housing finance institutions	Financial system	Banking system	Trading system	Financial Markets
_____ deals in new financial ; therefore it is called new issue market .	Money Market	Primary Market	Secondary Market	Capital Market
_____ is the nodal agency to control the capital market and other related issues in India .	RBI	SBI	SEBI	BSE
According to the Companies Ordinance _____ a company can raise capital by issuing equity or ordinary share only .	1981	1982	1983	1984
_____ signal shares of a corporation that is incorporated outside the country in which the receipts are traded .	DRIPS	Treasury Stock	Depository Receipts	Stock Splits
Slow Growers companies pay _____ amount of dividend .	Large	Slow	Medium	Fixed
The arrangements that provide facilities for buying and selling of financial claims and services are known as _____ .	Capital Market	Money market	Financial Market	Equity Market
_____ market is an example of secondary market in India .	Unorganised market	New issue Market	Financial Market	Stock Exchanges market
_____ is a task of selling the securities to the ultimate investors with the brokers and agents acting as an intermediary .	Origination	Underwriters	Distribution	Market Operations
_____ plays a vital role in attracting public money to capital issues .	Registrars	Brokers	Merchant Bankers	Underwriters
Under _____ Method , the issue price is not predetermined .	Bonus share	private placement	Right Issue	Tender method
The IPO of a Bank process is ultimately regulated by the _____ .	RBI	SEBI	AMFI	CBI
The IPO process is ultimately regulated by the _____ since the end state is the sale of common stock in the Company " going public "	SEBI	RBI	IPO	ESOP
SBTS stands for _____ .	Screen Based Trading System	standard Based Trading System	Screen Base Trading System	Stand Based trade system
A _____ is a quasi - debt instrument which is issued by any corporate entity , international agency or sovereign state to the investors all over the world .	FCCB	IDR	ADR	GDR

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
_____ means any instrument in the form of a depository receipt , by whatever name called , created by foreign depository outside India and authorised by a company making an issue of such depository receipts .	FCCB	IDR	ADR	GDR
_____ receive a share in the brokerage commission that a commission broker charges to his client.	Floor brokers	Commission brokers	Sub-brokers	Jobbers
The _____ systems have become predominant in many of the relatively newly developing markets because of the technology advancements and financial market reforms .	Quote-diven	Order-driven	online	Settlement
_____ is the day when the exchange makes payment or delivery of securities to the broker.	Pay-in day	Pay-out	Transaction	Delivery
The facility of _____ is available for Group 1 securities	Futures trading	Margin trading	Auction trading	Retail trading
Depository is an institution which holds securities with it, in which trading is done among shares, debentures, mutual funds, derivatives, F&O and commodities.	Custodian Banks	Clearing Banks	Depository	Stock exchanges
_____ are the intermediaries between the depository and the investors.	Custodian Banks	Depository Participants	Depositories	Stock exchanges
_____ is also the 1st listed stock exchange of India - February 2017	SME	OTCEI	NSE	BSE
_____ is constructed on a 'free-float' methodology, and is sensitive to market sentiments and market realities.	BSE IT index	NIFTY	SENSEX	BSE 100
Stock exchanges are regulated by _____	SEBI	RBI	AMFI	NSE
In case of _____ the price of the securities is determined by forces of demand and supply of the market and keeps on fluctuating	Primary Market	Secondary Market	Branches	Broker
_____ represent an unsecured debt obligation for the Corporates	Euro Bonds	Foreign Bonds	FCCB	GDR
The minimum capital requirement for a company to be listed on the _____ is Rs 3 crores and the maximum is Rs 50 crore.	OTCEI	BSE	NSE	NSE SME
If the close is lower, then the box is colored red ; if the close is higher, the box is green in _____	Candlestick chart	Bar chart	Line chart	Vertical chart
Any price movement up or down with relatively high _____ is seen as a stronger, more relevant move than a similar move with weak volume.	Price	Volume	Change	Period
These are the most liquid counters among the whole lot of stocks listed in the BSE.	A' Group	B' Group	S' Group	T' Group
This category comprises stocks that don't fall in any of the other groups.	A' Group	B' Group	S' Group	T' Group
_____ build a bridge between the SMEs, Private Equity and the Venture Capital by providing an exit route.	SME ' Platform	Debt Market segment	Derivatives Segment	Cash Segment
Credibility, Transparency, Liquidity and Growth are 4 pillars of _____	Derivatives Segment	Cash Segment	SME ' Platform	Debt Market segment
The _____ is an indicator of the stocks in NSE	Nifty	Sensex	Bankex	BSE 100

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The _____ is an American Stock Exchange, having established in New York city.	OTCEI	NSE	BSE	New York Stock Exchange
An investor can trade in securities through the stock exchange with the help of _____ who provide assistance to their client for purchasing and selling.	Bankers	Underwriters	Brokers	Registrars
The main function of _____ is to raise long- term funds through fresh issue of securities	Primary Market	Secondary Market	Branches	Broker
Securities market makes it possible to satisfy simultaneously the need of the enterprises for capital and the need of the investors for _____ .	Liquidity	Growth	Business	Capital
_____ creates liquidity and encourages new investment.	Primary Market	Secondary Market	Branches	Broker
Mutual funds, Financial Institutions, FIs are participants in _____	Primary Market	Secondary Market	Branches	Broker
_____ allows short sellers to borrow securities for making delivery.	ASBA	SLB mechanism	Auction Market	SME platform
Companies that have not complied with the exchange's listing requirements or ones that have failed to redress investor complaints.	A' Group	B' Group	S' Group	Z' Group
These are shares of very large companies which have stable growth. The dividend payout ratio is high.	Slow growers	Fast Growers	Stalwarts	Cyclicals
This type of chart uses all the four data points – Open (O) High (H) Low (L) and close (C).	Candlestick chart	Bar chart	Line chart	Vertical chart
_____ evaluates current economic environment and its effect on industry and company fundamentals	Company Analysis	Industry Analysis	Macroeconomic analysis	EIC Analysis
_____ are those investors, brokers or participants who believe that the share price is going to actually fall.	Bulls	Bears	Stags	Jobbers
_____ helps in spreading of equity culture.	Stock Exchange	Banks	Depository	Clearing Corporation

Subject : Debt Market -I

Patil Committee gave its report in the year _____	2004	2005	1990	1991
The _____ is both, debt manager and regulator in India	Central Government	SEBI	RBI	NSE
Khan Committee gave its report for the development of _____ in the year 2015	Government security market	Stocks	Corporate debt market	Banks
Mutual Funds, and to some extent insurance companies, are buyers of _____	Long term debt	Higher yield debt	Short term debt	Government bonds
Stock exchanges on which government securities could be traded are under the purview of _____	RBI	SEBI	SBI	BSE
Debt and _____ are both integral parts of a well-developed capital market	Equity	Capital	Loans	Money market
RBI acts as a _____ for Government securities	Registrar and Transfer Agent	PD	Decision maker	Controller

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_____ is the market where fixed income securities of various types and features are issued and traded	Money	Government	Corporate	Debt
Secondary market in the government securities market is primarily an _____ market	Small	OMO	OTC	Volatile
The _____ bonds are the most dominant category of debt market	Government	Corporate	Short term	Long term
khan committee recommended to accept _____ bonds under Liquidity adjustment facility	State government	Short term	Callable	Corporate
The debt market is a part of the _____ market	Equity	Capital	Service sector	Derivative
_____ is the weighted average term to maturity of a debt security	Maturity	Duration	Settlement	Claim
_____ act as a market maker of government securities	RBI	CCIL	SEBI	Primary dealers
_____ has diversified its activities into the PSU/Corporate bond market	DHFI	CCIL	STCI	PDAI
_____ are single payment debt securities with no coupon payments	Bond	Tax saving bonds	PSU bonds	Zero coupon
PDs are expected to jjoin _____ and _____ and abide by the code of conduct	PDAI:DFHI	PDAI:FIMMDA	PDAI:FEDAI	FEDAI:FIMMDA
CBLOs were developed by the _____	CCIL	BSE	NSE	SEBI
STCI is renamed as _____	Securities Trading Corporation of India	DFHI	STCI finance ltd.	Trading House of India
_____ are bonds on which the coupon rate is fixed for the entire life of the bond	Variable interest bond	Putable bonds	Callable bonds	Fixed rate bonds
_____ is a payment system operator, authorised by RBI	Stock exchange	PD	CCIL	NDS-OM
The word _____ may be used enterchangably with debentures	Stock	Equity	Debt	Bond
_____ means that the holder may exchange the debt securities for equity scurities of a corporation other than the issuer	Exchangability	Transfer	Withdrawal	Covertability
The default risk attached to debt securities, which is the credit worthiness of individual debt securities issues assessed by _____	RBI	Credit rating agencies	Trade organisation	SEBI
Bond with 12 years or more maturity is _____ term maturity Bonds .	Long	Short	Fixed	Intermediate
Bond with _____ years maturity is short term maturity Bonds	1 to 3	1 to 5	5 to 7	5 to 12
Bond with _____ years maturity is intermediate term maturity Bonds	1 to 3	1 to 5	5 to 7	5 to 12
_____ is an assessment of the creditworthiness of a borrower in general terms or with respect to a particular debt or financial obligation .	Bond Rating	Credit Rating	Equity Rating	Fixed Deposits Rating
_____ established a link between risk and return .	Bond Rating	Credit Rating	Equity Rating	Fixed Deposits Rating
A _____ is a grade given to a bond that indicates its credit equity .	Bond Rating	Credit Rating	Equity Rating	Fixed Deposits Rating
Rating of borrowers is referred as _____ rating .	Commercial Paper Rating	Fixed Deposits Rating	Borrowers rating	Individual rating
Rating of Individuals is called as _____	Borrowers rating	Individual rating	Bond Rating	Credit Rating
_____ is also debt market obiligation different to debenture or bond or Fixed Deposit programmers and commericals papers .	Individual rating	Bond Rating	Credit Rating	Structed Obiligation
_____ risk analysis aims at analysis aims at analysing the industry risk , market position of the company , operating efficiency and legal position of the company	BUSINESS	FINANCIAL	MANAGEMENT	GEOGRAPHICAL
The first mercantile credit agency was set up in _____ in 1841 .	New York	USA	INDIA	JAPAN

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
A Rs. 1000 par value bond bearing a coupon rate of 12% for 8 years , Find the value of the bond , at a discount rate of 14%.	Rs.850.68	Rs.877.68	Rs.907.68	Rs.927.68
A Rs. 1000 par value bond bearing a coupon rate of 12% required rate of return is 12% for 10 years at Rs. 950 , Find the value of the bond .	Rs.883.9	Rs.893.9	Rs.993.9	Rs.983.9
A Rs. 1000 par value bond bearing a coupon rate of 12% required rate of return is 12% for 10 years at Rs. 1050 , Find the value of the bond .	Rs.916.1	Rs.961.1	Rs.1016.1	Rs.1116.1
A Rs. 100 par value bond bears a coupon rate of 14% & matures after 5 year . Interest is payable semi - annually .calculate the value of the bond if the required rate of return is 16%	Rs.83.27	Rs.93.27	Rs.103.27	Rs.113.27
Present value of bond is Rs. 93.71 of Z LTD (Face value) having a coupon rate of 14% and redeemable after 6 years . Calculate the redemption value after 6 year if the expected rate of return is 16% .	Rs.92.63	Rs.102.63	Rs.112.63	Rs.122.63
Present value of bond is Rs. 98 of Z LTD. And redeemable at Rs.102 after 5 years. Calculate the coupon rate if the expected rate of return is 18 % .	16.08%	17.08%	18.08%	19.08%
A _____ is a Line graph that illustrates the relationship between the yields and maturities of fixed income securities .	Inverted yield	Medium yield bond	yield bonds	yield Curve
A govt bond of Rs. 200 has a coupon rate of 10% p.a and maturity is 5 years . If the current market price is Rs.190 .find the YTM.	9.28%	10.28%	11.28%	12.28%
A govt bond of Rs. 200 has a coupon rate of 10% p.a and maturity is 10 years . If the current market price is Rs.200 .find the YTM.	9.77%	10.77%	11.77%	12.77%
A govt bond of Rs. 200 has a coupon rate of 10% p.a and maturity is 5 years . Find the current market price . If YTM is 12.28 %.	122.83	142.83	182.83	162.83
_____ risk is the risk that an issuer will default to pay the interest and principal amount on time which affects the investors .	Reinvestment	Call	Credit	Interest
_____ risk is the risk that general prices will rise , thus reducing the purchasing power of the future amount received .	Reinvestment	Call	Credit	Inflation
A yield curve is a line graph that illustrates the relationship between the _____ of fixed income securities	Yields to maturities	Yield to interest	yield to normal	Yields to Inverted
The term _____ also called as Redemption yield	Yield to interest	Yields to maturity	yield to normal	Yields to Inverted
_____ return based is a bond's annual on its annual coupon payments and current price.	Current yield	Interest yield	Call yield	Risk yield

SUBJECT : Computer Skills-II

Which of the following is NOT a box in the Pivot Table Fields List?	Column Label	Report Filter	Values	Formulas
Under what group Pivot Table option is available in Insert Ribbon	Data	Tables	Chart	Links
Address of cell is displayed in	Name box	Formula bar	Developer tab	Format bar
Recording of Series of Task done using Keyboard and mouse is known as	Pivot	Object	Hyperlink	Macro
What is the formula to Check what is per day sales for a Sales man if his total Sales is given	SUM	MAX	MIN	AVERAGE
Excel provides the following functions to be used except:	SUM	MIN	ADD	MAX

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
When a formatted number does not fit within a cell, it displays	#####	#DIV/0	#VALUE	?????
What symbol is used to enter number as text in Excel?	Plus	Equal	Hypen	Quote
To select multiple non-adjacent cells in a worksheet you will press _____ key first	ESC key	CTRL Key	ALT key	SHIFT key
Which function counts all values, numeric as well as alpha numeric values	COUNT	COUNTIF	COUNTALL	COUNTA
COUNTA () function does what?	counts non-empty cells	counts empty cells	counts cells having Characters	counts cells with only numbers
Which function will you use to enter current time in a woksheet cell?	TODAY()	CURR_TIME()	TIME()	NOW()
You can apply conditional formatting to _____ data	Number	Characters	Special Characters	All of the above
MAX function gives	Maximum value from the range	Maximum Characters from Range	Maximum Length of string	Maximum Column width
Result of the below formula will be =LEN("COUNT ME IN")	10	9	11	12
Macros can be executed or Run from which of the following menu?	Format	Home	INSERT	Developer
Which of the below is not a Excel Formula?	MAX	MIN	ADD	COUNT
Result of =4*5+3 in excel cell will be _____.	8	40	23	11
What symbol is used to enter number as text in Excel?	Plus	Equal	Hypen	Quote
You can embed a word document in excel workbook	Yes	No	Maybe	Not Sure
Cell reference Types are Absolute and _____	Reference	Detail	Scope	Relative
_____ rounds of the number	ROUND	DECIMAL	INTEGER	WHOLENUMBER
_____ function calculates the interest rate required to pay off a loan for constant periodic payment and constant intrest rate	PPMT	NPV	XNPV	NPER
Excel 2010 are saved with the _____ extension	.xlsx	.XL	.DB	.XX
which function returns the largest value from a list of given numbers?	Large	Big	MAX	Min
_____ Converts all characters in a text string to lower case	lowlevel	lower	upper	trim
MS EXCEL is _____ Software	System Software	Application Software	Programming Software	Utility Software
Which ribbon you should go to add an object to excel sheet	HOME	ADD	DATA	INSERT
DBMS stores the Data in Multiple tables	TRUE	FALSE	Erroneous	Not Sure
The key which consists of 2 or more attributes is known as	Primary Key	Alternate key	Candidate Key	Composite Key
In a table relations, foreign key exist in	Primary Table	Main Table	Child Table	Composite Table
AUTO NUMBER data type allows to increment the sequential Number by 1	TRUE	FALSE	Erroneous	Not Sure
Tables are also referred as Entities	TRUE	FALSE	Erroneous	Not Sure
When one record in a table is associated with one and only one record in another table, it is	Many to Non Relationship	One to Many Relationship	Many to Many Relationship	One to One Relationship
In Sales man database table _____ field can be Primery Key	Name	Sales man Number	Email id	Date of birth
in RDBMS _____ is a collection of data elements organised in rows and columns	Entity	Tables	Domain	Attributes

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
Table is made up of ROWs and _____	Record	Column	Data	Information
Which is not an advantage of DBMS?	Efficient Data Access	Data Security	Cost of Software	Ease of Access
Which of the below is a DBMS software?	MS EXCEL	MS WORD	MS POWERPOINT	MS ACCESS
Entities are represented by which shape?	rectangles	circle	triangle	cone
SFA focuses on _____	Customer	Supplier	Sales Team	Company
Which of the below is SCM Software	SAP	PeopleSoft	Oracle	Emerge
Cloud based CRM is also known as	SaaS	CaaS	cloud Saas	cloud SaaS
Debit card issued by a bank, comes with _____ for security validation	Email id	OTP	PIN Number	Alpha numeric Password
Getting data from a cell located in a different sheet is called _____	Entering	Referencing	Updating	Sourcing
_____ trading site has largest Customer base in India	Sharekhan	TradePlus	Angel Broking	Motilal Oswal
In _____ type of trading securities are bought and sold on Same Day	Scalping	Day Trading	Position Trading	Swing Trading
Internet Banking results in reduction in Branch Banking	Not sure	Correct	Wrong	Not at all
ATM full form is _____	Automated Teller Machine	Automated Tally Machine	Automated Teller Mathematics	Accounting Teller Machine
Transactions done using ATM are mostly _____	Debit	offline	online	Credit

Subject : Business Law -I

All agreements are _____	not a contract	contract	enforceable	voidable
Abstain from doing something means _____ something	to do	abstract	with hold	not do do
Proposal plus acceptance is _____	contract	agreement	promise	coercion
A proposal when accepted becomes _____	contract	agreement	promise	void
All agreements are _____	enforceable	not enforceable	contracts	voidable
Proposal must be _____	intention create legal relation	no intention to perform	ambiguous	uncertain
_____ are disqualified persons by law to which they belong	Convicts	Lunatic	drunkenness	Idiocy
_____ is not a example of soundness of mind	Foreign sovereign	Lunatic	drunkenness	Idiocy
_____ is related to soundnes of mind	Foreign sovereign	drunkenness	Convicts	Alien enemy
Alien enemy is an example of _____	minor	soundness of mind	disqualified by law	fraud
The contract entered by a minor _____ after attaing his majority	can be ratified	accepted	valid	can not be ratified
There is _____ against a minor	estoppel	no estoppel	right	legal obligation
A minor _____ be held liable for the contract entered by him	can	sometimes	cannot	always
Indemnity is a contract by which one party promises to save other party from _____	breach of contract	profit caused	delay caused	loss caused
The contract of Indemnity is a _____ contract	waigering	contingent	void	quasi

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
The indemnity holder has the right to sue _____	for specific performance	if he has acted contrary to contract	if he does not act prudent	not acted as per the contract
A person to whom a debtor owes something in a contract of guarantee is called _____	principal debtor	principal creditor	principal owner	principal guarantor
There must be a surety's _____ to perform the promise	promise	order	distinct promise	prayer
_____ is a person who owes something to another person in a contract of guarantee	principal debtor	principal creditor	principal owner	principal guarantor
Termination of agency by agent becoming alien enemy is termination by _____	agreement	operation of Law	act of parties	end of agency by agent
Irrecoverable agency is when the agency is _____	by agreement	by mutual consent	coupled with interest	by expiry of term
Irrecoverable agency is when _____	it is agreement	it is by mutual consent	agent has incurred personal liability	it is by expiry of term
A sub agent is _____ to the main agent	answerable	not answerable	no relation	superior
_____ is a right of the pawnee in a contract of Pledge	to return the goods	not to mix goods	to take care	to sue pawnor
When is agency terminated by operation of Law	Expiry of time	Mutual Agreement	Renunciation by agent	Revocation by principal
The sale of Goods act deals only with goods which are _____ in nature.	Immovable	Movable	Specific	Land
_____ is a stipulation which is collateral to the purpose of contract.	Condition	Warranty	Guarantee	Collateral Contract
What is the purpose behind the enactment of Sale of Goods Act, 1930?	To define the laws relating to the sale of goods	To consolidate and amend the laws relating to the sale of goods	To consolidate, amend and define the laws relating to the sale of goods	To define and amend the laws relating to the sale of goods
Section 2(1) of Sale of Goods Act defines 'buyer' as:	Person who buys goods and services	Person who agrees to buy goods	Person who buys or agrees to buy goods	Person who buys or agrees to buy goods and services
Before the enactment of Sale of Goods Act, the provisions regarding Sale of Goods were contained in:	Indian Contract Act, 1872	Indian Registration Act, 1908	Transfer of Property Act, 1882	Indian Partnership Act, 1932
Which of the following cannot be said to be included in the term "goods" defined under section 2(7) of the Sale of Goods Act, 1930	Stock	Shares	Growing Crops	Actionable Claims
Section 31 of the Sale of Goods Act deals with duties of seller	To show goods	To deliver goods	To change goods	destruction of goods
Definition of unpaid seller is provided in Section ____ of The Sale of Goods Act, 1930	45	46	47	50

Question	Answer1	Answer2	Answer3	Answer4
Where an unpaid seller has made part delivery of the goods he may exercise his right _____	Return on the remainder	Of lien on the remainder	Sale to any other person	Any
Section 57, of the Sale of Goods Act, deals with	Suit for price	Suit for damages for non-delivery	Suit for damages for non-acceptance	ignorance
Section 58, of The Sale of Goods Act provide right of suit for Specific Performance of Contract on the part of	Seller	Buyer	Agent	Manufacturer
Sales creates the right of	Right in things	All of these	Right in Personam	Right of Rem
Delivery means	Agreement to transfer of possession from one person to another	Voluntary transfer of possession from one person to another person	Transfer of possession from one person to another person in written	Appointment of Agent
The right of an unpaid seller is	lien	bailment	guarantee	mortgage
What means a written document by which some legal rights are created in favour of some person	Instrument	negotiable	negotiable instrument	promise
Negotiable instruments means of promissory note bill of exchange or cheque payable to	Bearer	Order	Either to bearer or order	Neither to bearer nor order
A negotiable instrument is freely Transferable by delivery if it is a/an _____ instrument	Order	Bearer	Contract	Promise
Instrument is freely Transferable by endorsement if it is a / an _____ instrument.	Order	Bearer	Contract	Promise
The transferee of a negotiable instrument is the one	Who transfer the instrument	On whose name it is transferred	Who encash it	The promisee
The transferor of a negotiable instrument is the one	Who transfer the instrument	On whose name it is transferred	Who encash it	The promisor
When instrument has been lost it is presumed that it was	Expired	Duly stamped	Stolen	Misplaced
Drawer is both debtor to one and creditor to another in case of what	Promissory note	Bill of exchange	Cheque	Letter of credit
Liability of maker is _____ in case of bill of exchange.	Primary	Unlimited	Unconditional	Secondary
_____ is an order to pay the third party.	Promissory note	Bill of exchange	Cheque	Letter of credit
A promissory note or bill of exchange can be made payable	On demand	On a specific date	After a specified period	Anytime